Building Narrative Power for Racial and Health Equity

NACCHO, September 8, 2022

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Session Objectives

- Explain the meaning and relevance of building narrative power for eliminating the production of racial and health inequity by confronting root causes;
- Explore difficulties practitioners face in developing and promoting a compelling narrative;
- Demonstrate approaches to reveal, subvert and replace harmful dominant narratives with a social justice-based narrative in alliance with communities;
- Explore critical thinking and observational skills for becoming "narrative strategists," to make social injustice more visible and surmountable;

"The true focus of revolutionary change is never merely the oppressive situations that we seek to escape, but that piece of the oppressor which is planted deep within each of us."

-Audre Lorde

"If the structure does not permit dialogue the structure must be changed."

-Paulo Freire

Why African Americans Are Over-represented in Cases of Covid-19: Differing Narrative Explanations

Conventional Explanation	Social Justice Lens Explanation
Pre-existing, chronic health conditions (diabetes, high blood pressure, genetics)	Structural racism, weakening the social immune system
Risky personal behavior	Unsafe working and living conditions
Work in low-wage service industries in close daily contact with other workers	Legacy of occupational segregation in labor markets
Long-standing disparities in access to health care	Long-standing inequities, sustaining life conditions that lead to disease
A matter of personal responsibility	Multiple forms of exploitation and oppression, including violence
Low-income neighborhoods	People underpaid, in segregated neighborhoods targeted for predatory lending and hazardous waste sites
Race is a factor, a problem	Structural racism is an injustice, a direct cause of poor health outcomes

Why African Americans Are Over-represented in Cases of Covid-19 (2)

Conventional Explanation	Social Justice Explanation
Essential workers are in unfortunate circumstances	Racialized capitalism: positioning people in the economic system
Covid differences as an economic issue	Legacy of occupational segregation in labor markets
Biological, racialized explanations without context	Limited political power, subjected to conditions that lead to disease
Uninque characteristics of people of color	Systematic structural racism
Vaccine hesitancy	Mistrust of medical profession, based on historical legacy
Underserved communities	Resource deprivation by economic interests & destruction of social welfare infrastructure

Presentation Outline

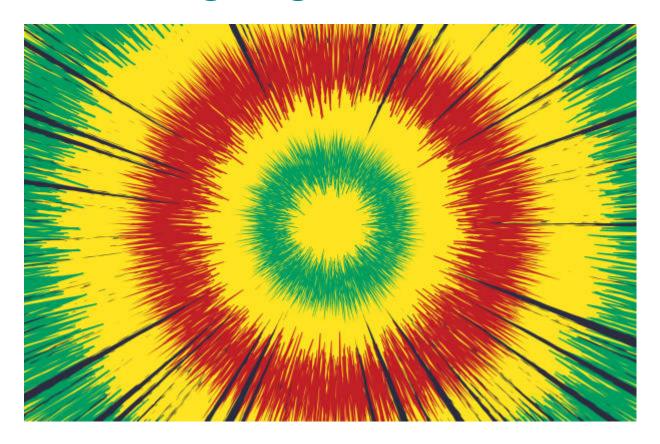
- The Relevance and Urgency for Building Narrative Power
- Defining Narratives and Their Role in Struggling to Eliminate Health Inequity
- General Examples of Dominant Narratives in Everyday Life
- The Current Moment and Harmful Dominant Narratives Old and New
- Challenges for Public Health in Disrupting and Replacing Harmful Dominant Narratives
 - In the profession
 - Mirroring society's dominant narratives
 - General difficulties in recognizing and disrupting long-standing narrative
- What is to be Done?
 - Framing a social justice vision
 - Community organizing and alliances
 - Inquiry: expanded knowledge base, changing the questions, rethinking concepts
 - Becoming narrative strategists, creating an infrastructure

Building Narrative Power: Definition

"[The] ability to create leverage over those who set the...rules and norms that shape society... to... unleash the imagination to make equity and social justice *the* norm."

-Rashad Robinson, Director, Color of Change

Reimagining a Just Future



Source: Getty images: Juneteenth red yellow green background abstract blast explosion pattern design.

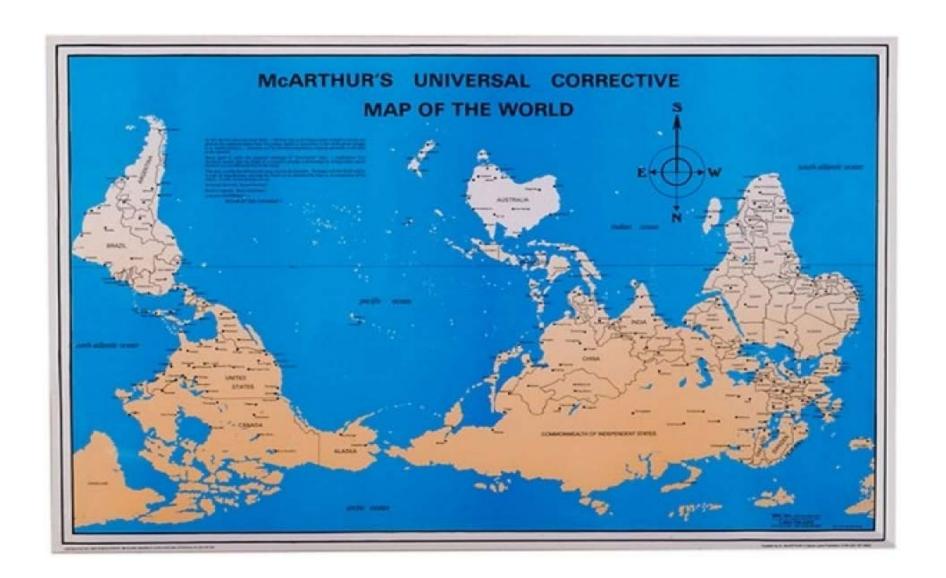
Making Social Injustice Visible and Surmountable

"Once you get used to not seeing something, then slowly it is no longer possible to see it....The trouble is that once you see it, you can't unsee it. And once you've seen it, keeping quiet...becomes as political an act as speaking out. There's no innocence...."

-Arundhati Roy



Source: dikobrazik, https://graphicriver.net

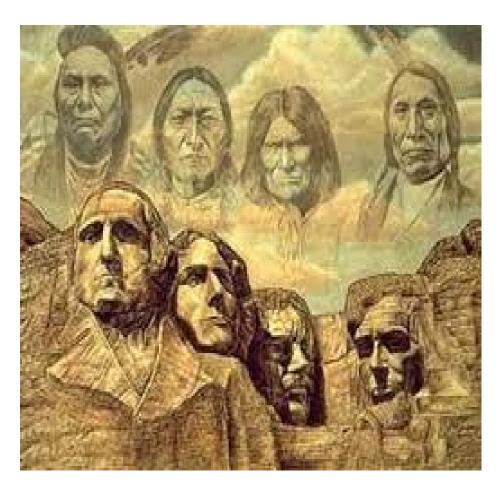


What Do You See?



Source: Fodor's Travel: Mt. Rushmore and the Black Hills Travel Guide

Repressed History Remembered



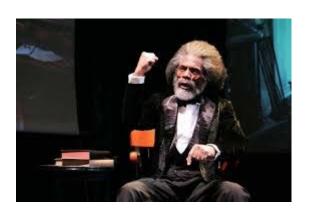
Source: David Behrens

Narratives Appear Everywhere In the Culture

STORIES LANGUAGE IMAGES SYMBOLS

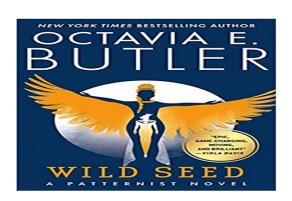
PERFORMANCE POPULAR CULTURE

SOCIAL RULES INSTITUTIONAL PRACTICES MYTHS









SIGNS NORMS MUSEUMS HISTORY SPECTACLE ARCHITECHTURE
ART JOURNALISTIC CONVENTIONS

Narratives Appear Everywhere in the Culture



Symbols



Museum displays



Practices e.g., teaching, policing, public health



Art



Advertisements



The supermarket aisle as a theater

Deep Narratives

Deep narratives are collections of stories characterized by pervasiveness and intractability. They are generally the foundational framework for understanding historical and current events, and inform basic concepts of identity, community, and belonging.

-Rinku Sen, Executive Director, The Narrative Initiative

Mythic Origin Stories



Source: Bob Larkin, The 40 Most Enduring Myths in American History, bestlifeonline.com/americas-biggest-lies (July, 2018)

Politics & Health

"The primary determinants of disease are mainly economic and social, and therefore its remedies must also be economic and social. Medicine and politics cannot and should not be kept apart."

-Source: Geoffrey Rose, *The Strategy of Preventive Medicine*. Oxford: Oxford University Press,1992, p. 129.

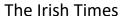
Difficulties Overcoming Legacies of Harmful Dominant Narratives: Denaturalizing the "Common Sense"

"...We are already plunged deep in the midst of meaning, wherever...we happen to find ourselves. We are woven through by the meanings of others—...which we never got to choose, yet which provide the matrix within which we ...make sense of ourselves and the world. In this sense..., the idea that I can determine the meaning of my own life is an illusion....Because we are material animals, an enormous amount has already been determined for us....Many of the central features of personal life are not personal at all."

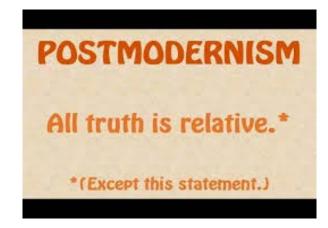
-Terry Eagleton, *The Meaning of Life: A Very Short Introduction* (Oxford, 2008, pp.133-34)

Manufacturing Reality: A Threat to Democracy











Source: HBO (2020) After Truth: Disinformation and the Cost of Fake News

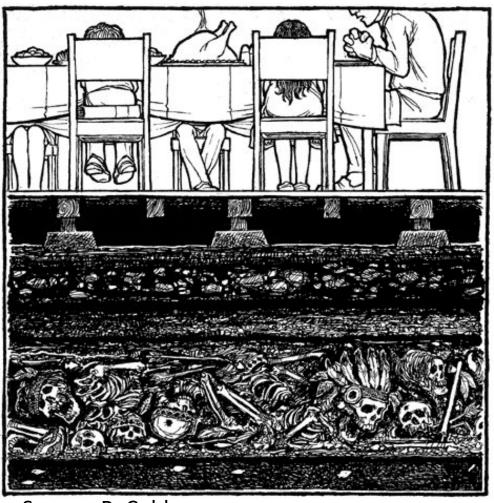


Source: policypractice.Oxfam.org



Source: oxfamlibrary.openrepository.com

Recovering the Political Unconscious: Resurfacing Repressed Memories



Source: R. Cobb

Four Core Intersecting Harmful Dominant Narratives

- 1) **Structural Racism/White Domination:** use of codes & stereotypes to obscure projects of racial domination/hierarchies and violence; the distracting focus on overt discrimination and interpersonal bias, instead of racialized structures that limit life chances
- 2) *Individualism*: The self-determining individual who makes right or wrong choices
- 3) Free Markets: equating prosperity with economic growth, obscuring power of corporate capital, avoiding accountability for inequality
- 4) **Anti-Government:** government as inherently inefficient, corrupt, (essentially code to weaken democratic institutions and a means to oppose political equality).

Narrative Challenges Public Health Practitioners Face to Act on Root Causes

- Obstacles "Seeing" The Ongoing Production of Social Injustice
- Poverty of Bureaucratic Discourse
- Limits of the Biomedical Paradigm and the "Social Determinants of Health"
- Avoidance of Public Controversy and Conflict
- Absence of a Community Base of Political Support
- Professional Identity as Objective Scientists, Technicians

Slow Violence

"By slow violence I mean a violence that occurs gradually and out of sight, a violence of delayed destruction...dispersed aross time and space...that is not typically viewed as violence at all....The casualities from slow violence are...out of sync ...with our narrative and media expectations."

-Rob Nixon (1998) *Slow Violence and the Environmentalism of the Poor*

The Invisible "Slow Violence" of Environmental Racism



Source: https://onetreeplanted.org/blogs/stories/social-environmental-justice

The Struggle for Environmental Justice in West Harlem



Sourcce: WEACT website: program initiatives



Source: West Harlem Evironmental Action

Explaining Health Inequity (1)

"Differences in health based on race, ethnicity, or economics can be reduced, but will require public awareness and understanding of which groups are most vulnerable, which disparities are most correctable through available interventions, and whether disparities are being resolved over time. These problems must be addressed with intervention strategies related to both health and social programs, and more broadly, access to economic, educational, employment, and housing opportunities."

Source: CDC Health Disparities and Inequalities Report. MMWR January 14, 2011

Explaining Health Inequity (2) Missing the Injustice

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Source: CDC Health Disparities and Inequalities Report. MMWR January 14, 2011

Revised Version: Explaining Health Inequity (3)

Eliminating health inequities, which result from a legacy of structural racism, class oppression, and gender inequity, will require, beyond mitigation, transforming political structures that *subject* groups of people to social injustice. This goal entails public health collaborating with community organizers and residents to end the ongoing generation of health inequity by well-resourced and organized networks of interest.

Dominant Narratives, Structural Racism and Violence

"...[A]II our phrasing—race relations, racial chasm, racial justice, racial profiling, white privilege, even white supremacy—serves to obscure that racism is a visceral experience, that it dislodges brains, blocks airways, rips muscles, extracts organs, cracks bones, breaks teeth. You must never look away from this. You must always remember that the sociology, the history, the economics, the graphs, the charts, the regressions all land with great violence, UPON THE BODY.

-Ta-Nehisi Coates, Between the World and Me.

Limits of "Social Determinants of Health" Approach



Source: CDC, Healthy People 2020

Hidden Assumptions: Structural Racism Perpetuated by Obscuring Causes

PRACTICE #2 By 2020..., the country will also be more racially and ethnically diverse, as the non-white population edges toward outnumbering the white population for the first time. And unless we tap new strategies to more effectively confront and reduce health disparities, not only will these disparities increase, they will jeopardize the overall health and well-being of our communities even more extensively....

Health departments also will need to pay greater and greater attention to people of color and Latinos, Asian-Americans, and other immigrants.

Demographic shifts may also be accompanied by socioeconomic changes such as a growing income gap and concurrent inequalities in health outcomes...

-Resolve (May 2014) The High Achieving Governmental Health Department in 2020 as the Community Chief Health Strategist

Unfortunate Outcome or...Inequity?

Native Americans have the highest mortality rates in the United States.

REVISION

Native Americans, dispossessed of their land and culture, have the highest mortality rates in the United States.

Low income people have the highest level of coronary artery disease in the United States.

REVISION

People under-paid and forced into poverty have the highest level of coronary artery disease in the United States.

Public Health's Bureaucratic Discourse: Avoids Content and Root Causes





"Self-help! Self-help!"

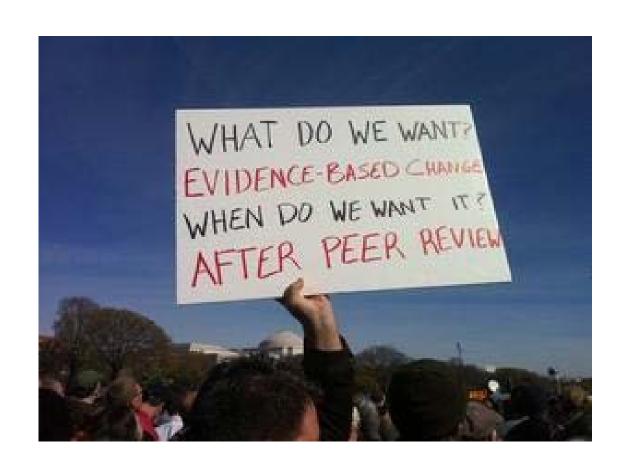
Source: Dana Fradon, New Yorker Collection, www.cartoonbank.com (Dec. 7, 1981).

The Biomedical Model: Individualism and Racism Looking for Answers in the Wrong Place



Source: Mark Henle, photographer, copyright Phoenix Newspapers, Inc.

The Obsession with a Narrow Knowledge Base



Privileging Economic, Market Indicators Over Social Indicators



Source: Richard Drew, Associated Press USA Today, February 8, 2017



Source: What is the Gross Domestic Product (GDP)? Investor Trading Academy, YouTube video

Euphemisms Giving the Market Human Powers

Corporate Discourse: Avoidance of Responsibility	Clarification
Paychecks shrank	Corporations cut wages
The economy is an ungovernable force of nature	Organized power networks direct the economic system and flows of capital
Market discipline offers a necessary system shock	Abrupt firings; slashing pensions and health plans
The economy creates wealth	Workers create wealth through labor
Markets are self-regulating, self-governing	Self-interested classes make decisions, press agendas
The economy is hurting	People are hurting
The market demands wage cuts	Corporations demand wage cuts

Corporate Euphemisms

Clarification

Environmental regulation	Environmental protection
Disadvantaged neighborhood	Industry production of
	substandard housing & schools
Negative Externality	Not our responsibility
Underperforming assets	Bad debt
Early retirement	Layoff
Market dynamics	Wage reductions
Food insecurity	Hunger
Welfare state	Social investment & protection
Upscale	Overpriced; expensive
Poverty alleviation	Treat, but don't eliminate
	poverty and exploitation

Corporate Euphemisms: Obscuring Reality

Corporate Discourse	Clarification
Oil subsidies	Corporate welfare
Food crisis caused by severe weather events	Food crisis caused by decreased wages, price hikes, expropriation of farm land
Thousands killed in chemical plant accident	Social murder through cost- cutting on safety
Economic recovery	Recovery of profits
Privatization	Corporate takeover of public services
Austerity	Assault on living standards

Source: James Petras, "The Politics of Language and the Language of Political Regression, *Dissident Voice* (May, 2012).



Source: UC Davis, Humanities Institute, The Mellon Research Initiative on Racial Capitalism at UC Davis (May, 2020

The Assault on Substantive Democracy: Destruction of The Public Sector



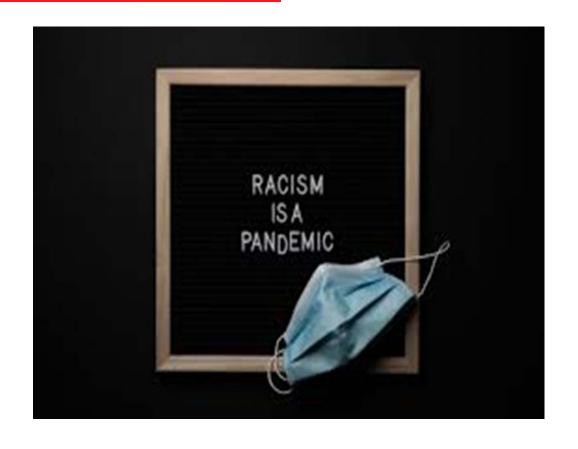
WHAT IS TO BE DONE?

Toward Structural Transformation

RACISM IS A PUBLIC HEALTH CRISIS

4SPPH -

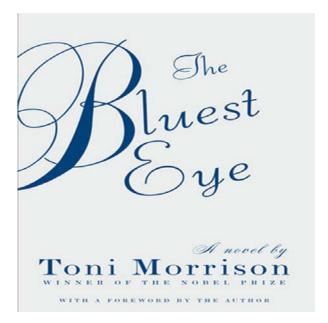




The Power of Artistic Rendering



Source: ACT-UP

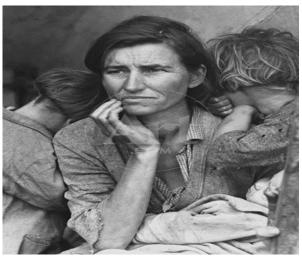




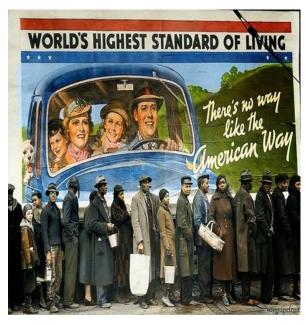
Source: Ricardo Levins Morales



Source: Judy Baca, Triumph of the Hands



Source: Dorothea Lange, Migrant Mother (1936)



Source: Photo by Margaret Bourke-White, Life Magazine (February 1937);

The Foundation of Public Health

Three Principles of a Social Justice Framework

- Social and Economic Equality
- Political Equality (Democracy)
- Cultural Justice



Cultural Justice



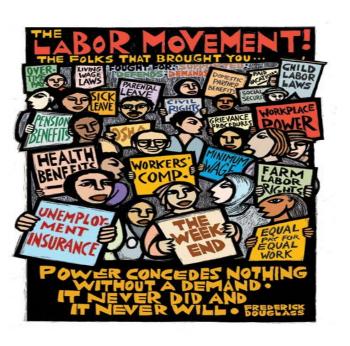
Source: Race Forward

Community Organizing: Building Power



Source: Chicago Community Trust, Community Organizing Archives, 2020

Collaborating with Social Movements and Community Organizers



Source: Labor Movement, Ricardo Levins Morales, RLM Art



Source: ACT-UP!



source: <u>Black Lives Matter: Resources and</u> Responses, creativereview.co.uk

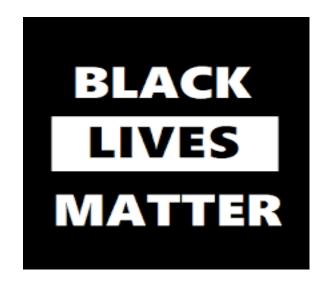
Social Movements: The Power of Narrative in Practice



Source: Keisha Blain, The Atlantic, The Pioneering Black Women Who Paved the Way for This Moment



Source: Santa Barbara Teachers Association, A Brief History of the Labor Movement



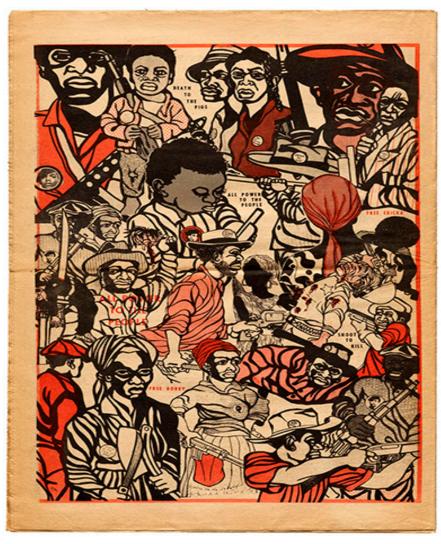






Source: Pride 2022, Your Guide to Michigan LBGTQ

Supporting Community Power and Voice



Source: Typeroom: A Black Panther roars in paper: the revolutionary art of Emory Douglas (October 2018)

Expanding the Public Health Knowledge Base: Identifying Generators Responsible for Health Inequity

- Inequitable allocation of city budget by neighborhood
- Corporate decisions to gentrify, redline, disinvest in neighborhoods and dispossess populations
- Discriminatory land use practices
- Corporate/government processes and decisions that create and sustain housing, occupational, and school segregation
- Bank foreclosure practices by neighborhood
- Measures of differential political influence and its causes
- Level of democracy: public participation, accountability, transparency
- Siting hazardous waste, landfills in communities of color

Expanding the Knowledge Base: Sample Questions for Advancing Health Equity

- Why and how do some neighborhoods bear a heavier burden of negative conditions that lead to inequitable health outcomes?
- How do organized political-economic power networks shape the production, maintenance, and persistence of health inequities?
- Who and what excludes, exploits, and marginalizes populations, producing severe inequity?
- How are decisions made by banks, real estate developers and government agencies about where to locate land fills and hazardous waste sites?

Expanding the Boundaries of Public Health Practice

"When the history of public health is seen as a history of...how social, economic, and political systems structure the possibilities for healthy or unhealthy lives, how societies create the preconditions for the production and transmission of disease, ...we find that public health history...pervades every aspect of social and cultural life. Hardly surprisingly, these questions direct attention to issues of power, ideology, social control, and popular resistance."

-Elizabeth Fee, introduction to George Rosen, A History of Public Health. Johns Hopkins University Press 1993 (1958): xxxviii.

Changing the Questions: The Purpose of Inquiry

Conventional	Health Equity Perspective
What interventions can address health disparities?	What political and economic decisions generate health inequity in the first place?
What social programs and services are necessary to address health inequity?	What type of structural social change is necessary to confront health inequity?
How can individuals protect themselves against health problems?	What kind of public, collective action is necessary to confront health inequity across identifiable communities?
How can we promote healthy behavior?	How can the public have more control over their living and working conditions to ensure health and well-being?
How do we treat the consequences of health inequity?	How do we act directly on root causes of inequity to meet human need?
What are the ways public health can adapt innovative practices to changing times?	What are the ways public health with their accomplices can transform the culture to set the preconditions that ensure health and well-being?

Rethinking Public Health Concepts

Conventional	Health Equity Lens
Vulnerable population	Communities oppressed, under threat
Risk factors	Social responsibility for risk
Factors	Oppression, Injustice
Social determinants of health	Political & social determinations of health inequity
Intervention	Social change
Risky behavior	Dangerous conditions
Social Problem	Racism/Social Injustice

A Potential Narrative to Advance as a Practice: Redefining Health (Draft for upcoming workshop)

We value human life and health, which includes ensuring collective well-being of communities: a flourishing, thriving existence, so that people can achieve their fullest capabilities, agency, and capacity for cultural expression. Achieving it requires setting the prerequisite social, political and economic conditions.

Becoming Narrative Strategists:

Inquiry, Observational, Critical Thinking Skills and Sensitivities

- Draw attention to the relation between narratives and power
- Expose the interests behind harmful dominant narratives
- Listen to and uplift the voices of community residents
- Develop methods to capture people's imagination, inspire action
- Identify racist practices of white domination at a structural level
- Learn from historical and contemporary examples in social movements.
- Imagine different futures, beyond reform, and how to overcome barriers

Becoming Narrative Strategists:

Improve Inquiry, Observational, Critical Thinking Skills and Sensitivities (2)

- Cultivate skepticism, re-evaluate assumptions
- Draw attention to organized power and its mechanisms
- Notice *seemingly* obvious, self-evident or normalized characteristics of institutions that conceal oppression
- Center communities, examine how narratives translate across different constituencies
- Learn to identify, disrupt, and undermine harmful dominant narratives and replace them with social justice-based narratives

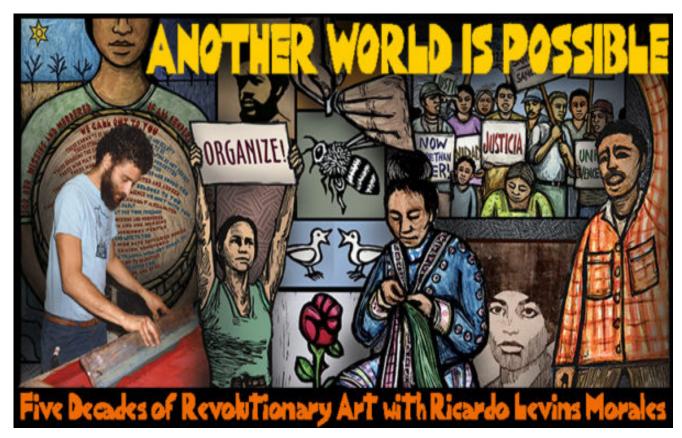
Suggested Dimensions of a Compelling Narrative for Public Health (Sept. 28 Workshop)

- Clarifies Public Health Identity and Incorporates Historical Legacy
- Expresses Commitment to Core Values Within A Social Justice Framework
- Redefines Health and Public Health Centering Equity
- Expands the Boundaries and Scope of Legitimate Work
- Instills Inspiring Stories to Dramatize Social Injustice & Consequences of Inequity as a Shared Public Concern

Elements of a Narrative for Becoming Social Change Agents

- Identify as Champions for the Public's Health
- Take Intentional Risks, Overcoming Fear of Public Conflict
- Build Permanent Alliances with Community Organizers and Organizations with Power and Commitment to Social Reconstruction
- Foster a Culture of Health Equity in the Organization Through Group Dialogue
- Ensure a Diverse Staff and Engage in Regular Group Dialogue
- Envision Possible Futures and a Trajectory for Change with Affected Communities

Envision a Socially Just Future



Source: Ricardo Levins Morales

Questions and Comments?

Contact Richard Hofrichter rhofrichter@igc.org